A major reevaluation of the period was initiated by a group of studies which stressed the unsatisfactory state of research and advocated a shift of the analytical focus towards the internal dynamics of socioeconomic processes. 45 Thus, there was an effort to establish a coherent analytical framework incorporating economic, political and social parameters that would allow a more adequate interpretation of principal developments during this period and would relate them to a broader historical perspective. The main thesis developed is that the 1940s was a period of transformation and consolidation of new structures with a lasting impact on the post-war development of the Greek economy. With class, state, and accumulation as their main analytical categories, these studies attempt to trace the social and economic transformations that occurred during the occupation period.46 Having identified the specific historical class conjucture and its relation to the economy, the discussion shifts to an analysis of the short- and longterm objectives and interests of the dominant classes. Several contradictions are identified between various objectives, as well as between internal and foreign agents. In addition, such processes were strongly influenced by a newly emerging setting of international economic and political relations. Economic policies that were actually followed and the institutional buildup that characterized this period are consequently examined in relation to the interaction of inherited internal structures and emerging international ones. In the most elaborate formulation of this perspective,47 previous conclusions are very strongly challenged and a new research agenda is set.

## Contributors

THE VERY REV. DR. DEMETRIOS J. CONSTANTELOS is Charles Cooper Townsend, Sr. Distinguished Professor of History and Religious Studies. Stockton State College, former Dean of Hellenic College, and a frequent lecturer at Hellenic College/Holy Cross Orthodox School of Theology.

DR. CHRYSIE M. COSTANTAKOS is Professor of Child and Family Studies, Brooklyn College of the City of New York (CUNY). She is a Senior Research Associate of the Center for Byzantine and Modern Greek Studies, Queens College (CUNY), and past chair and current member of the Greek American Behavioral Science Institute's Executive Board. This paper was presented at the Second Annual Greek Studies Conference on the Greek American Experience; Past, Present, and Future at Hellenic College/Holy Cross Orthodox School of Theology, October 19-20, 1990.

DR. ANDRÉ GEROLYMATOS is Professor and Director of the Hellenic Studies Program, Dawson College (Canada). This paper was presented at Queens College on November 15, 1989.

DR. EVIE ZACHARIADES-HOLMBERG is Professor of Greek Studies, Hellenic College/Holy Cross Greek Orthodox School of Theology. Her major study of Eleutherios Venizelos' commentary on Thukydides is now being published in Athens.

DIMITRIS KALOKYRIS is a distinguished poet, artist, and editor residing in Greece. This essay is a summary of his paper delivered in Greek as the Fifth Annual Linos Politis Lecture, co-sponsored by the Queens College Center for Byzantine and Modern Greek Studies and by the Center for European Studies, the Graduate Center, CUNY, on October 15, 1987.

<sup>45</sup> Iatrides, Greece in the 1940s.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup>Tsoucalas, "Ideological Impact"; Thomadakis, "Black Markets"; Vergopoulos, "Emergence."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup>Thomadakis, "Stabilization."

DR. GEORGE KECHAYIOGOLOU is Professor and chairman of the Department of Medieval and Modern Greek Literature at the University of Thessalonike. This essay was presented as the Sixth Annual Linos Politis Lecture, co-sponsored by the Queens College Center for Byzantine and Modern Greek Studies and by the Center for European Studies, the Graduate Center, CUNY, on October 20, 1988.

DR. EVA KONSTANTELLOU is a graduate of the College of Education, The Ohio State University and has written on the Greek American Experience. This paper was presented at the Second Annual Greek Studies Conference on the Greek American Experience: Past, Present, and Future at Hellenic College/Holy Cross Greek Orthodox School of Theology, October 19-20, 1990.

DR. GEORGE A. KOURVETARIS, Professor of Sociology, Northern Illinois University, has authored six books and has written scores of studies in various journals on a great number of sociological and political topics, concentrating to a large extent on the Greek American experience. This paper was presented as the Keynote Address at the Second Annual Greek Studies Conference on the Greek American Experience: Past, Present, and Future at Hellenic College/Holy Cross Greek Orthodox School of Theology, October 19-20, 1990.

DR. GEORGE PILITSIS is Associate Professor of Greek Studies at Hellenic College/Holy Cross Greek Orthodox School of Theology. His numerous studies have appeared in various journals. One of his major preoccupations has been Yannis Ritsos whose dramatic monologues has prepared for publication under the title *The New Oresteia*.

STACY SARANTOPOULOS is a graduate student in the Department of Education, The Ohio State University and teaches Modern Greek at the Worthington School, Columbus, Ohio. This paper was presented at the Second Annual Greek Studies Conference on the Greek American Experience: Past, Present, and Future at Hellenic College/Holy Cross Greek Orthodox School of Theology, October 19-20, 1990.

DR. GEORGE M. STATHAKIS is Assistant Professor of Economics: the University of Crete. In 1988-1989, he was a Research Associated the Center for Byzantine and Modern Greek Studies, Queens College During this period he conducted research in Washington, D. C. at the National Archives on the Greek economy in the early postwar period

